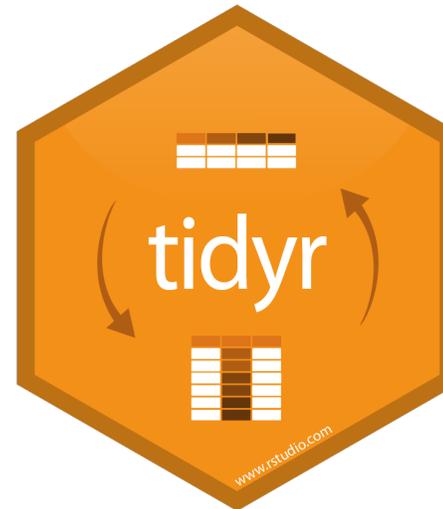


Data Verbs

Data verbs are functions that take one or more tabular datasets and return a new dataset. They are designed to always accept the dataset(s) as the first arguments to make them easy to use in pipes. Verbs correspond to a theoretical model called **relational algebra**, which describes for how transformations occur within a database.

Most verbs come from one of two R packages:



Data Verbs

While there are dozens of verbs provided by these packages, most are just slight variations of each other. We will focus on learning **ten core verbs**, from which everything else is easily derived:

[one-table verbs]

filter()
slice()
select()
arrange()
mutate()
summarize()

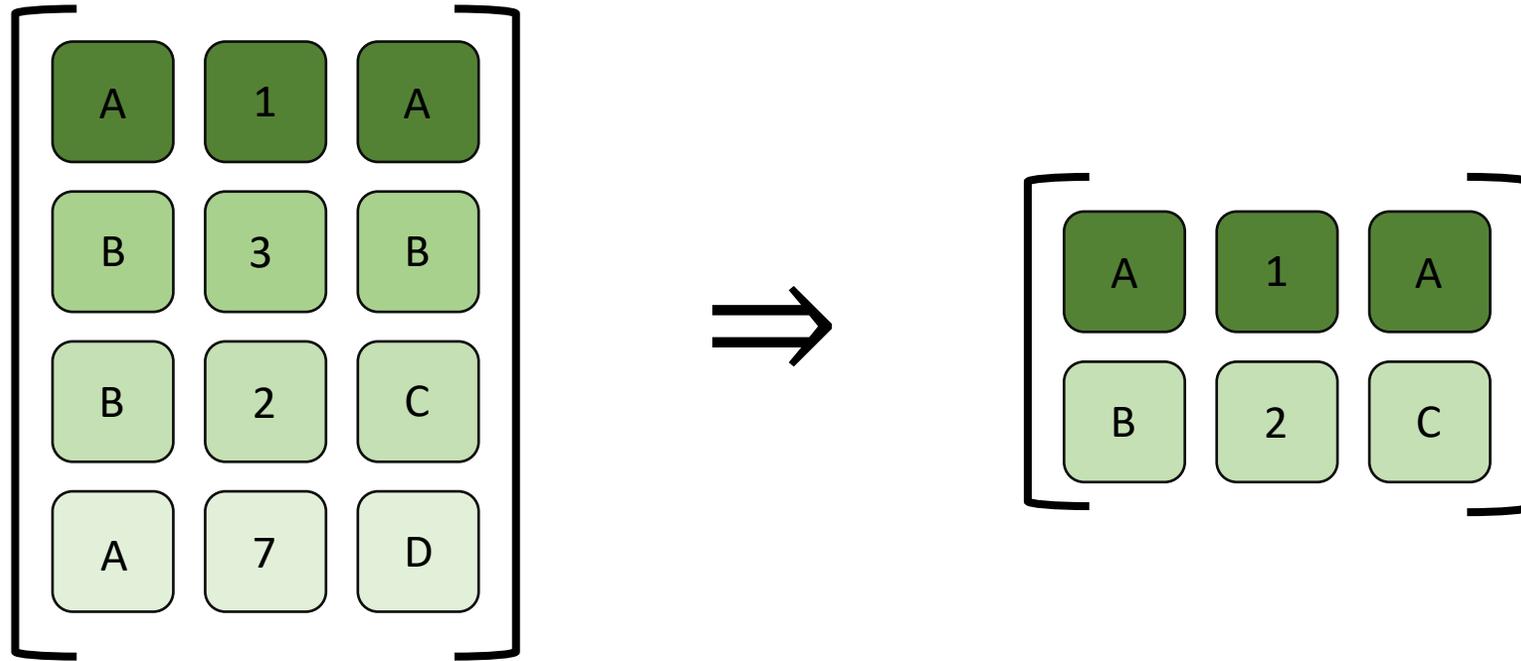
[two-table verbs]

left_join()
semi_join()

[pivots]

pivot_wider()
pivot_longer()

FILTER / SLICE

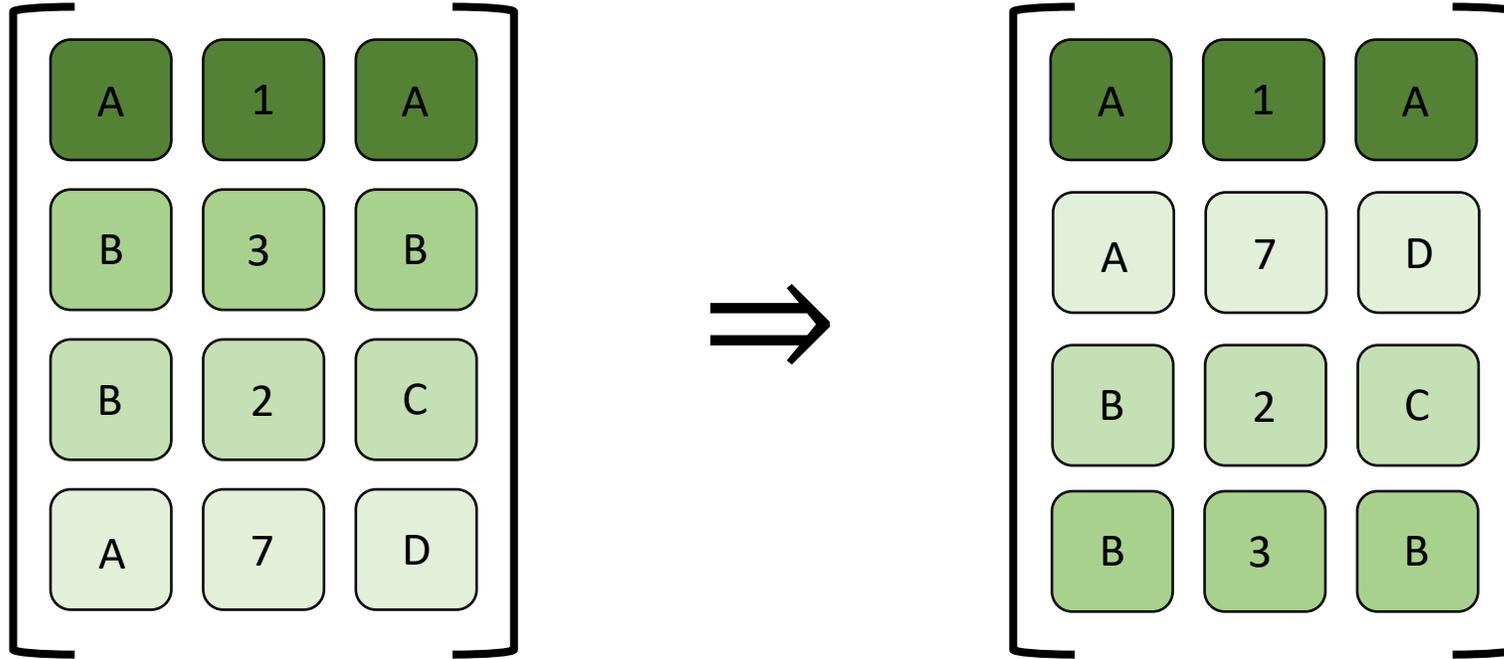


`%in%`

`between()`

`<, >, <=, >=, !=, ==`

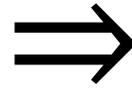
ARRANGE



`desc()`

SELECT

A	1	A
B	3	B
B	2	C
A	7	D



A	A
B	B
B	C
A	D